APPLICATION

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APPLICANT NAME E. B. Boden, et al

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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR **BUSINESS PROCESS SPACE**

DEFINITION

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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR BUSINESS PROCESS SPACE DEFINITION

Background of the Invention

Technical Field of the Invention

This invention relates to automated classification and organization of business processes. More particularly, this invention classifies and organizes business processes in terms of a 3-dimensional process space facilitating process identification, decomposition and definition by traversal of this space.

Background Art

Workflow, which relates to automatically interpreted business processes, is an emerging technology closely associated with business and corporate re-engineering activities. It is considered a cross-industry paradigm for reducing business costs, improving efficiencies and fundamental to the notion of adaptive business organizations. Business processes are defined in such a way that they can be directly interpreted and executed by a workflow server. A major inhibitor to the development of workflow is understanding the mechanisms, interactions and

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inter-relationships of these processes, because even small business will have hundreds, as workflow matures.

As a business begins employing workflow technology it must systematically defines its current and future processes. The large number of processes and subprocesses that even a medium-sized business will have must be coherently organized so that they can be used, changed, and understood. These business processes must be related to the business organization and the roles of the people.

System providers must deliver workflow solutions that are immediately useful for customers, and yet can be readily changed and augmented by the customers for their situation. Such providers need to deliver workflow solutions in the context of existing software. Further, provision must be made for readily and directly capturing in workflow solutions the policies a business uses to guide its activities. Processes impacted by such a policy need to be immediately and readily known within an overall business context.

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It is an object of the invention to provide a system method for enabling understanding of the mechanisms, interactions and inter-relationships of business processes.

It is a further object of the invention to systematically define the current and future processes of an organization in a manner which facilitates understanding, use and change.

It is a further object of the invention to provide an overall business context in which to know and evaluate processes impacted by a policy.

Summary of the Invention

This invention comprises a method and system for representing business processes. Each of a plurality of processes is defined as a 3-tuple including a noun, a verb and an attribute, and a selected process is displayed as a point in navigation space.

Other features and advantages of this invention will become apparent from the following detailed description of EN995140 3

the presently preferred embodiment of the invention, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 illustrates a visual display of a process space defined by three dimensions in accordance with the invention.

- Figure 2 illustrates a file menu pull down.
- Figure 3 illustrates an edit menu pull down.
- Figure 4 illustrates a process menu pull down.
- Figure 5 illustrates a help menu pull down.
 - Figure 6 illustrates a choice box.

Figure 7 illustrates traversal of business process space by zoom in and zoom out processing.

Figure 8 illustrates nested process spaces.

Figure 9 illustrates a process definition window.

Figure 10 illustrates the interrelationship of various code modules implementing a preferred embodiment of the invention.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

Acronyms

+	Concatenation operator
.java	File extension for a file of Java source code
API	Application Programming Interface
GUI	Graphical User Interface
java.awt	Java Abstract Windowing Toolkit package
iava.lang	Java Language package

Description

In accordance with the invention, a process space is defined by three dimensions. Each point in the space represents a business process. Process decomposition and definition result from traversal of this space. The three dimensions are:

- 1. A verb dimension comprising a set of verbs or actions.
 In a specific business process domain like system
 management or banking processes, this dimension may be
 labeled the action dimension.
- 2. A noun dimension comprising a set of nouns. In a specific business process domain like banking or system management processes, this dimension may be labeled the managed resource object (MRO) dimension.
- 3. A characteristics, or attributes, dimension comprising
 a set of expressions which can be automatically
 evaluated and results in a Boolean value. A term for
 this dimension, for all process domains, that is more
 consistent with workflow and related process
 technologies is the policy dimension.

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A point in this space is a 3-tuple: (verb, noun, attribute). A process is represented in navigation space by a point. In practice, although very large (order 10**6) spaces will be routinely defined, interpretable process definitions will exist only for a modest percentage (say, <10%) of the total space even in mature workflow businesses. Even this results in a large number of processes.

By way of example, dimension sets for verb, noun and attribute may include the following:

verb = {add, delete, change, determine}
noun = {account, balance, customer, loan, teller, interest}
attribute = {<10%, overdue, >1000000, court order, audit,
null}

And, given the above dimension sets, some process tuples may include the following:

(add, customer, null)
(determine, account, court order)
(change, interest, null)
(determine, teller, overdue)

Associated with the process space are the following important and useful properties:

- 1. The set that defines each dimension as shipped to customers (with a set of appropriate interpretable process definitions) is extendable by the customer.

 Thus, customers may add nouns (e.g., North Branch, South Branch), verbs (e.g., summarize, amortize), and policies (e.g., withdraw maximum) specific to their business.
- 2. Dimension extensions are immediately accepted by the process space presentation software as extensions to the space. This provides consistency of viewpoint, understandability, and simple navigation in the process space.
- 15 3. Elements of any one of the three dimension sets may be arbitrarily grouped by the customer.
 - 4. New elements that are groups may be added to each dimension. This produces a simple way of understanding what otherwise would be a noncontiguous set of planes

in the process space, effectively combining them into a single plane. These allow customers to work in their preferred terms (for example, North Branch accounts, formal audit control processes.)

- 5 S. Elements that are groups may be subset. That is, new elements added to a set may be defined as "in" or belonging to an existing element.
 - the definition of a noun. Thus, for example, a group of points in the process space may be named and the resulting noun added to the noun dimension set.

 Processes using existing or new verbs may then be defined for this group of processes. This allows the simple and direct specification of, for example, processes that only a Branch Manager may initiate (cause to be automatically interpreted) or those that only on-duty tellers may initiate.

Three core ideas fundamental to the invention include representation, navigation, and extension. Representation refers to the three dimensional space representation of

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processes. Navigation refers to the selection of a process point in three dimensional space, and clicking on that point to zoom in by opening up the source to another process definition. Extensibility refers to the definition on the fly of dimensions, and to groupings of scalar definitions into super scalar values. Once a few of these groupings are defined, the user can navigate in three dimensional space to group values, and from there can zoom back to three dimensional space representation of scalar values.

Referring to Figure 1 a visual display of a process space defined by three dimensions in accordance with the invention includes display panel 20, title 22, menu bar 21 with menu buttons 24, 26, 28 and 30, navigation space 32, and scrollable lists 40, 42 and 44. Nouns scrollable list 40 includes a plurality of nouns 50 and scroll bar 51. Verbs scrollable list 42 includes verbs 52 and scroll bar 53. Attributes scrollable list 44 includes attributes 54 and scroll bar 55. Scroll bars 51, 53 and 55 may or may not be visible, depending upon the number of items 50, 52 and 54 in the respective lists 40, 42 and 44.

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In this preferred embodiment of the invention, process point 76 appears in navigation space 32 in relation to nouns grid 70, verbs grid 72 and attributes grid 74 at the position 80, 82, 84 defined by the highlighted noun entry 60, highlighted verb entry 62 and highlighted attributes entry 64 in lists 40, 42 and 44 respectively. A single 3tuple or point in navigation space 32 may be highlighted responsive to selection of one item from each of lists 40, 42 and 44. A slice or plane of points may be highlighted by selecting only two items. Thus, by selecting a noun item 60 and a verb item 62, navigation space 32 will highlight points (not shown) corresponding to all entries in attributes list 54. For a particular combination of noun and verb, non-relevant entries in attributes list 44 may be grey out (rendered not selectable), and corresponding points in the slice of navigation space 32 not highlighted.

An entry 66 in nouns list 40 entitled "workgroup T", "my domain", or the like, may be selected, causing list 40 to display a group of nouns defined by the user. Similar groupings may be provided in verbs list 42 and attributes list 44.

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Buttons 24, 26, 28 and 30 may be selected in any traditional manner, such as by pointing and clicking, or by positioning a cursor and pressing enter, or the like.

Similarly, entries 60, 62 and 64 may be selected by pointing and clicking with a pointing device, or by scrolling through lists 40, 42, and 44. Selected items 60, 62 and 64 define a 3-Tuple which is represented in navigation space 32 by a highlighted point, or some other such indicia.

Table 1 Main Window sets forth an extension of the java.awt.Frame class which, modified as set forth in Java-like psuedo code, defines an example process for generating the display of Figure 1, and acts as the main window of the 3D process space application of this example embodiment of the invention. For the purpose of this example embodiment, lists 50, 52 and 54 are hard coded at Table 1, lines 56-64, 69-76 and 81-87, respectively. Alternatively, and preferably, these lists contents would be recorded externally and accessible and modifiable by the provider or user.

In general terms, the actual values shown in lists 50, 52, and 54 are controlled by the provider or user. Hence

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these would be stored externally to the source code shown in Table 1 on some long-term electronic media such as a disk drive. Ancillary functions allow the user to change these lists. That is, add and delete individual items or change the names of individual items. These changes would then appear directly in the lists 50, 52 and 54 and in the corresponding dimension lines 70, 72 and 74, respectively, of 3-dimensional space diagram 32.

Referring to Figure 2 a file menu pull down, actuated by selecting file menu button 24 includes file action items new 100, open 102, save 104, save as 106 and exit 108. File actions 100-108 have the meanings and perform the functions well known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

In Table 2 File Menu Pull Down Processing there is set forth a psuedo code reprentation of processes implementing file menu actions 100-108. Calls are made to Table 7 Process Space 180 when executing new 100, open 102, save 104 and save as 106.

When menu item 100 ('new') is activated (typically, by a computer mouse button push), the user is prompted for a

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file name and dimension names, the input information syntax is validated, then the new process space is created. When menu item 102 ('open') is activated, the user will be shown a window which allows selection of a directory and then, within that directory, a file. When a specific file is selected, or entered by name as also allowed by the window, the file is read and a new process space main window is created to reflect the contents of the file. When menu item 104 ('save') is selected, the process space in the window is saved to a file (secondary storage), using either the name of the file previously opened or the name entered by the user during the processing of 'new' 100. Menu item 106 ('save as') allows the user to change the name of an existing file to a new one. Menu item 108 ('exit') causes the current window to close, which also closes all associated file.

Referring to Figure 3 an edit menu pull down, actuated by selecting edit button 26 includes such items cut 110, add 112, copy 114 and paste 116. Edit actions 110-116 have the meanings and perform the functions will known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

In Table 3 Edit Menu Pull Down Processing there is set forth in Java and psuedo code processes for executing cut 110, add 112, copy 114 and paste 116.

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When menu item 110 ('cut') in Figure 3 is activated, a previously highlighted dimension item (e.g., 84 in Figure 1) is removed from the dimension and the value saved in temporary area (often called the clipboard), as indicated by lines 3-11 of Table 3. When menu item 112 ('add') is activated (function indicated by lines 13-16 of Table 3), the user is prompted for a new dimension item (value, name) and the item is added to a dimension. The dimension may have been highlighted before the 'add' button 112 was activated or, if not, the user will be prompted for the dimension name. When menu item 114 ('copy') is activated (lines 13-21 of Table 3) the highlighted dimension item is saved in a temporary area for possible later use, and (in contrast to 'cut') this item is not removed from its dimension. When menu item 116 ('paste') is activated (lines 23-25 of Table 3) a dimension item is retrieved from temporary storage and added to the highlighted dimension. This will be an item placed in temporary storage by some (not necessarily immediate) previous 'cut' or 'copy' action.

Menu items may be greyed out if the action is inappropriate. For example, paste is greyed out until a cut or copy has been done.

Referring to Figure 4 a process menu pull down, actuated by selecting process button 28, includes such items as select 3D process 120, create 3D process 122 and delete 3D process 124.

In Table 4 3D Process Menu Pull Down Processing there is set forth in psuedo code processes for executing select 3D process 120, create 3D process 122 and delete 3D process 124. After prompting the user for input parameters, calls are made to Table 7 Process Space 180.

When menu item 120 ('select 3D process') from Figure 4 is activated (typically via a computer mouse button push), the user is prompted (lines 8-10 of Table 4) for a name of a 3D space. A dialogue will allow the selection of a space name from a list of existing names, and will also allow the user to navigate directories. When menu item 122 ('create 3D process') is activated (lines 12-16 of Table 4) the user is prompted for a space name and dimensions. The space is

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created and a new window is shown which presents the new space (another copy of window shown in Figure 1, with the new space). When menu item 124 ('delete 3D process') is activated (lines 18-20 of Table 4) the user is prompted for a space name, and the space is deleted (if it exists in the current working directory).

Referring to Figure 5 a help menu pull down, actuated by selecting help button 30 includes such items as about 126. Help action item 126, and other help action items not listed, have the meanings and perform the functions will known to those of ordinary skill in the art, and will not be further discussed.

Referring to Figure 6 a choice box 90 is preferably displayed responsive to selection by right mouse button clicking of a pointing device on process point 76.

Alternatively, and as implemented in Table 5, choice box 90 is displayed responsive to clicking the right or left mouse button with the pointer positioned anywhere in navigation space 32. Choice box 90 includes a plurality of action items edit 91, show process definition 92, zoom in 93, zoom out 94, print 95, and run process 96 which may be selected

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by scrolling or pointing and clicking, as will be apparent to those skilled in the art. Depending upon the authorization level of the user, some options 91-96 may be "greyed out", that is, not available. For example, not all users are authorized to edit; in which event, item 91 would "greyed out".

Referring to Figure 7 traversal of business process space by zoom in and zoom out processing is illustrated. In this illustration, navigation space 32 is illustrated in a series of three panels comprising, respectively, navigation space 132 and scrollable lists 133, navigation space 134 and scrollable lists 135, and navigation space 136 and scrollable lists 137. Process 3-tuple 142 is highlighted in navigation space 132 at the grid positions corresponding to the fourth noun, third verb and second attribute in scrollable lists 133. Process 3-tuple 144 is highlighted in navigation space 134 at the grid positions corresponding to the second noun, the fourth verb and the fourth attribute in scrollable lists 135. Process 3-tuple 146 is highlighted in navigation space 136 at the grid positions corresponding to the third noun, the third verb and the fifth attribute in scrollable lists 137. Points can contain a space, in which

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case they know the origin of it. Process, or navigation, space 136 is nested in point 144, and process space 134 is nested in process point 142.

Referring to Figure 8 nested process spaces 150 and 160 are illustrated. These may be visible in two panels in display 20, with process point 162 corresponding to the grid location specified by noun item 163, verb item 164 and attribute item 165. As is represented by line 151 from process point 162 to the origin 158 of navigation space 150, selecting a zoom command in choice box 90, panel 150 is opened and the zoom'd to space 150, containing point 152 among other possibilities is highlighted along with corresponding entries in noun list 153, verb list 154 and attribute list 155.

In Table 5 Mouse Adapter and Table 6 Choice Panel are set forth Java and psuedo code representations of the processes for selecting choice box 90 and executing its functions, show process definition 92, zoom in 93, zoom out 94, print 95 and run process 96. For zoom in, the selected process point 162 is checked for zoomability. If it is zoomable, a new window 150 appears showing the nested

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(zoomed in) space. Point 162 in panel 160 may be highlighted to identify which space in display 160 is represented by display 150. If process point 162 is not zoomable, point 152 is created along with its containing space.

Referring to Figure 7, traversal of nested process spaces is shown. Process space 134 is nested with process point 142, as indicated by arrow 171 from 142 to the origin point 172 of space 134. Similarly, process space 136 with origin pont 174 is nested within process point 144 as shown by arrow 173. Conceptually, any collection of process points defines a process space. Hence the subprocesses that comprise a process point such as 142 implicitly define their own space 134. Process point 144 is one of the subprocesses that comprise process 142. This kind of nesting is handled automatically by the system as a customer defines business processes, and then uses lower level process points which have process definitions (Figure 9). The nesting relationship is directly the result of referring to other processes in the definition of a process.

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At a minimum, the nested space contains only the subprocesses used in the definition. The minimal values of each dimension are completely determined as the union, for each dimension, of all the elements referenced in all the definitions. For example, the values for the noun dimension is the union of the noun references from each of the processes in the space. Similarly for the attribute dimension and verb dimension.

In addition, a customer may explicitly add process points to a process space, which are not part of the processes used to define a containing process point. These additional points will cause the value of each dimension to be automatically adjusted to encompass any new nouns, verbs or attributes.

When a space is displayed as the result of a 'zoom-in' operation (Figure 6, item 93), processes in nested space that are explicitly referenced in the containing process point are highlighted, so that they are easily distinguished from non-referenced subprocesses. Of course, it is possible that all process points in the nested space will be

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highlighted, indicating that they are all referenced by the enclosing process.

Another aspect of process space nesting is that any given space may enclose more than one point. This is indicated in Figure 7 by arrows 175, 177 and 179. More specifically, a process point may contain exactly zero or one directly nested process spaces. (A directly nested space is a space with no intervening process points. So, for example, space 134 is directly nested in point 142, and space 136 is not directly nested in point 142, while space 136 is directly nested in point 144.) A process space may be enclosed by zero or n process points, where n is logically unlimited.

A process point is termed 'zoomable' if a zoom-out or zoom-in operation can be performed on it. A zoom-in operation is possible if the process point contains a subprocess as part of its definition. A zoom-out operation is possible if the process space containing the process point is contained within another process point. (If multiply contained, the user is prompted during the zoom-out operation, to select the containing process point.) In

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general, for a process space, only zoom out is defined. In general, for a process point, zoom in and zoom out are defined; zoom in is defined in terms of the existence of subprocesses as part of the process definition of the process point, and zoom out is through the origin point of the process space containing the process point.

These data modeling relationships and functions are depicted in Tables 7 through 11. The functions depicted provide the underlying data model, used by the functions in Tables 1 1 through 6, to produce the displays depicted in Figure 1 through 6, 8 and 9.

Figure 8 shows how the traversal from a process point to its nested process space, shown logically in Figure 7, looks to a user as shown in display windows. In this depiction, the user has selected menu item 93 ('zoom-in'), from menu 90 while process point 162 was highlighted.

Processing resulted in the overlay display window 150, showing the contained space and its process points including 152 within the navigation space about origin 158. The process points actually referenced by point 162 will be highlighted.

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Referring to Figure 9 process definition window 167 is illustrated. Upon selecting show process definition 92 from choice box 90 with process point 162 highlighted, process definition 164 for process 162 is provided. Embedded object 156 in definition 167 may be selected, for example, to pull in and display addition material, or to execute the process.

Referring to Figure 10 the interrelationships of various code modules implementing a preferred embodiment of the invention are illustrated. As is represented by lines 181 and 187, for each entry in process space 180 there exists three dimensions 182 and zero or one process points 186. As is represented by line 183, for each entry in dimension 182 there exists any number n of dimension items. As is represented by line 185, for each dimension item 184 there exists zero or one process points. As is represented by line 189, for each entry in process point 186 there exists one process definition 188.

Java code and Java-like psuedo code representations of process space 180, dimension 182, dimension item 184, process point 186, and process definition 188 are set forth in Tables 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11, respectively.

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Referring to Table 7, the basic functions of an implementation of the process space data model are depicted. Lines 10-75 provide methods of process space creation, used by the interface generation functions as described, for example, in Figure 4, menu item 122. Lines 76-81 provide a means to obtain a specific dimension for the process space. This would be used, for example, in generating the diagram dimensions 70, 72, 74 and list boxes 40, 42, 44 in Figure 1. Lines 82-106 provide a means to nest the current process point within another process space, by means of the special process point known as the origin point. Line 107 provides the low level function to zoom out (refer to 93 on Figure 6). Lines 108-165 provide various utility functions used by the interface functions (Tables 1-6) to determine information about the process space, such as number of process points it contains (lines 111-129). Lines 166-219 are provided for stand-alone testing of the process space implementation.

Referring to Table 8, an implementation of the dimension abstraction 181 (Figure 10) used by the process space (Table 7) is given. Lines 16-50 provide the basic

functions of create, add item, delete item. These would be invoked by the interface level functions, for example, when the customer adds verbs to the list box 42 (Figure 1). Lines 51-94 are basic dimension utilities and navigation functions. For example, lines 87-93 would be used by interface level functions to determine actual values to display in the list boxes 40, 42, 44 and the corresponding diagram dimensions 70, 72, 74 (Figure 1).

Referring to Table 9, an implementation of the dimension item abstraction is given. These abstractions are the objects actually contained in dimensions 183 (Figure 10). Lines 14-22 provide functions to create a dimension item, and are invoked by the interface functions, for example, when in Figure 1, a new attribute item is added to list box 44. Lines 23-34 provide the basic functions to obtain the contents of a dimension item and to change it.

Referring to Table 10, an implementation of the process point abstraction is depicted. This is the abstraction indirectly referenced by all the interface functions when a process point is depicted, and directly used by the data model functions, as shown in 185 and 187 of Figure 10. For

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example, these include process point 76 in Figure 1 and points 142, 144 and 146 in Figure 7, and point 169 in Figure Lines 13-17 provide means to create a process point. Lines 29-80, 100 allow for setting and retrieving the process definition associated with a process point, and querying existence of a process definition. Lines 31-59 are basic navigation capabilities used by other data model functions and interface functions move from point-to-point and from a point to its 'position' in the process space as shown, for example, in diagram 32 of Figure 1 and Figure 6. If, for example, the user drags the point 76 in Figure 1, successive neighbors of 76 would be shown, their position marked on the dimension lines, and the dimension value highlighted. This is accomplished by using these lines. Lines 60-85 are concerned with functions to support nested (contained) process spaces; create, delete. Lines 86-99 are the functions directly providing zoom in and zoom out capability, as used by the interface functions and described in reference to Figures 7 and 8. Lines 101-115 provide debugging convenience for this particular implementation.

Referring to Table 11, an implementation of the process definition abstraction is shown. This is used directly by

the data model functions 189 in Figure 10 to hold information about this process point's specific process definition. Lines 13-16 provide a means to create the abstraction. Lines 19-24 provide basic utilities. For example, lines 24ff would be used by the interface functions when building the display 167 depicted in Figure 9. Lines 29-37 would be invoked by the interface functions when the user activates menu item 96 in Figure 6.

Tables

TABLE 1: MAIN WINDOW

```
1234567
         //bps - Business Process Space pseudo code
               This simple extension of the java.awt.Frame class
               contains all the elements necessary to act as the
               main window of an application.
 8
 9
10
         import java.awt.*;
11
         import symantec.itools.awt.BorderPanel;
12
         import symantec.itools.awt.shape.VerticalLine;
134567
         import symantec.itools.awt.shape.HorizontalLine;
         import symantec.itools.awt.shape.Line;
         import symantec.itools.awt.shape.Circle;
         public class Framel extends Frame
18
               public Frame1()
19
012334
313334
                  //bps Add constructors for Framel() to build
                  //bps additional "frames" when zoomin or zoomout are
                  //bps invoked, or when file-new is invoked
                  //bps or when the 3DProcess process pulldown is used
3567899
36789
                  //bps to "create" another space
                  //bps the idea being the dimension axis would have
                  //bps to be (potentially) changed,
                  //bps and the list items would have to be added
                  //bps accordingly
                  //bps -----
 41
                      //{{INIT CONTROLS
 42
                      setLayout (null);
 43
                      setVisible(false);
 44
                      setSize(insets().left + insets().right + 632, insets().top
 45
                         + insets().bottom + 305);
 46
                      openFileDialog1 = new java.awt.FileDialog(this);
 47
                      openFileDialog1.setMode(FileDialog.LOAD);
 48
                      openFileDialog1.setTitle("Open");
 49
                      //$$ openFileDialog1.move(24,0);
 50
51
52
53
                  //bps The following dimension values for
                  //bps the noun, verb and attribute
                  //bps pull down lists are hard coded
                  //bps for this example. Alternatively, they
```

```
54
                 //bps may be input by the user.
55
                     NounList = new java.awt.List(0, false);
56
                     NounList.addItem("dept40a");
57
                     NounList.addItem("dept40b");
58
                     NounList.addItem("dept40c");
59
                      NounList.addItem("projectgzl");
60
                     NounList.addItem("dept40d");
61
                     NounList.addItem("workgroupT");
62
                     NounList.addItem("dept99");
63
                     NounList.addItem("deptalpha");
64
                     NounList.addItem("testers");
 65
                      add(NounList);
 66
                      NounList.setBounds(insets().left + 36,insets().top +
 67
                         84,144,60);
 68
                      VerbList = new java.awt.List(0, false);
 69
                      VerbList.addItem("unittest");
 70
                      VerbList.addItem("componenttest");
71
                      VerbList.addItem("componentbringup");
7237775
                      VerbList.addItem("componentregressiontest");
                      VerbList.addItem("systemarch");
                      VerbList.addItem("powerontest");
                      VerbList.addItem("systemtest");
76
                      VerbList.addItem("earlyship");
77
                      add(VerbList);
78
79
80
81
                      VerbList.setBounds(insets().left + 216,insets().top +
                          84,144,60);
                      AttributeList = new java.awt.List(0, false);
                      AttributeList.addItem("software");
82
                      AttributeList.addItem("hardware");
-83
                      AttributeList.addItem("checkpoint");
84
                      AttributeList.addItem("review");
385
                      AttributeList.addItem("marketing");
86
87
                      AttributeList.addItem("planning");
                      AttributeList.addItem("sales");
88
                      add(AttributeList);
89
                      AttributeList.setBounds(insets().left + 396,insets().top +
 90
                        84,144,60);
 91
                      labelnoun = new java.awt.Label("Nouns");
 92
                      labelnoun.setBounds(insets().left + 36,insets().top +
 93
                        36,100,40);
 94
                      add(labelnoun);
 95
                      labelverb = new java.awt.Label("Verbs");
 96
                      labelverb.setBounds(insets().left + 216,insets().top +
 97
                         36,100,40);
 98
                      add(labelverb);
 99
                      labelattributes = new
100
                      java.awt.Label("Attributes");
101
                      labelattributes.setBounds(insets().left + 396,insets().top +
102
                          36,100,40);
103
                      add(labelattributes);
104
                      borderPanel1 = new symantec.itools.awt.BorderPanel();
105
                      borderPanel1.setLayout(null);
106
                      borderPanel1.setBounds(insets().left + 48,insets().top +
```

```
107
                         156,480,372);
108
                       add(borderPanel1);
109
                       ReflectAttributes = new
110
                          symantec.itools.awt.shape.VerticalLine();
111
                       ReflectAttributes.setBounds(122,0,2,156);
112
                       borderPanell.add(ReflectAttributes);
113
                       ReflectNouns = new
114
                          symantec.itools.awt.shape.HorizontalLine();
115
                       ReflectNouns.setBounds(122,156,216,2);
116
                       borderPanell.add(ReflectNouns);
117
                       ReflectVerbs = new
118
                          symantec.itools.awt.shape.Line();
119
                       try {
120
                           ReflectVerbs.setLineThickness(2);
121
122
                       catch(java.beans.PropertyVetoException e) { }
123
                       try {
124
                           ReflectVerbs.setPositiveSlope(true);
125
1-26
                       catch(java.beans.PropertyVetoException e) { }
127
128
                       ReflectVerbs.setBounds(-34,156,156,156);
                       borderPanell.add(ReflectVerbs);
129
                       label1 = new java.awt.Label("Nouns");
130
                       label1.setBounds(338,156,100,40);
1131
                       borderPanel1.add(label1);
132
                       label2 = new java.awt.Label("Verbs");
133
134
135
                       label2.setBounds(26,252,36,24);
                       borderPanel1.add(label2);
                       label3 = new java.awt.Label("Attributes");
136
137
                       label3.setBounds(134,-12,100,40);
                       borderPanel1.add(label3);
138
                       CircleCursor = new symantec.itools.awt.shape.Circle();
139
                       try {
140
                           CircleCursor.setFillColor(new Color(16711935));
141
                       }
142
                       catch(java.beans.PropertyVetoException e) { }
143
                       try {
144
                           CircleCursor.setFillMode(true);
145
                       }
146
                       catch(java.beans.PropertyVetoException e) { }
147
                       CircleCursor.setBounds(122,156,6,6);
148
                       CircleCursor.setForeground(new Color(16711935));
149
                       borderPanell.add(CircleCursor);
150
                       CircleCursorMem = new
151
                          symantec.itools.awt.shape.Circle();
152
                       CircleCursorMem.setVisible(false);
153
                       CircleCursorMem.setBounds(122,156,6,6);
154
                       borderPanell.add(CircleCursorMem);
155
                       choice1 = new java.awt.Choice();
156
                       choicel.addItem("ShowProcessDefinition");
157
                       choice1.addItem("Zoom In");
158
                       choicel.addItem("Zoom Out");
159
                       choicel.addItem("Print");
160
                       choicel.addItem("Run Process");
```

```
161
                      try {
162
                          choice1.select(-1);
163
                      } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) { }
164
                      choicel.setVisible(false);
165
                      borderPanel1.add(choice1);
166
                      choice1.setBounds(218,204,100,40);
167
                      label4 = new java.awt.Label("software");
168
                      label4.setBounds(74,72,48,16);
169
                      borderPanel1.add(label4);
170
                      label5 = new java.awt.Label("dept40d");
171
                      label5.setBounds(158,132,48,16);
172
                      borderPanel1.add(label5);
173
                      label6 = new java.awt.Label("unittest");
174
                      label6.setBounds(14,192,48,16);
175
                      borderPanel1.add(label6);
176
                      setTitle("3DProcessSpace");
177
                      //}}
178
                      //pax
179
                      circurpoint = new java.awt.Point(122,156);
180
181
                          borderPanel1.add(circurpoint);
                       //{{INIT MENUS
182
                      mainMenuBar = new java.awt.MenuBar();
183
                      menul = new java.awt.Menu("File");
184
                      miNew = new java.awt.MenuItem("New");
185
                      menul.add(miNew);
186
187
                      miOpen = new java.awt.MenuItem("Open...")
                       menul.add(miOpen);
188
                       miSave = new java.awt.MenuItem("Save");
189
                       menul.add(miSave); .
:190
                       miSaveAs = new java.awt.MenuItem("Save As...");
191
                       menul.add(miSaveAs);
192
                       menul.addSeparator();
193
                       miExit = new java.awt.MenuItem("Exit");
194
                       menul.add(miExit);
195
                       mainMenuBar.add(menu1);
196
                       menu2 = new java.awt.Menu("Edit");
事97
                       miCut = new java.awt.MenuItem("Cut");
198
                       menu2.add(miCut);
199
                       menuItem1 = new java.awt.MenuItem("Add");
 200
                       menu2.add(menuItem1);
 201
                       miCopy = new java.awt.MenuItem("Copy");
 202
                       menu2.add(miCopy);
 203
                       miPaste = new java.awt.MenuItem("Paste");
 204
                       menu2.add(miPaste);
 205
                       mainMenuBar.add(menu2);
 206
                       TDProcess = new java.awt.Menu("3DProcess");
 207
                       S3DProcess = new java.awt.MenuItem("Select3DProcess...");
 208
                       TDProcess.add(S3DProcess);
 209
                       C3DProcess = new java.awt.MenuItem("Create3DProcess");
 210
                       TDProcess.add(C3DProcess);
 211
                       D3DProcess = new java.awt.MenuItem("Delete3DProcess");
 212
                       TDProcess.add(D3DProcess);
 213
                       mainMenuBar.add(TDProcess);
 214
                       menu3 = new java.awt.Menu("Help");
```

```
215
                       mainMenuBar.setHelpMenu(menu3);
216
                       miAbout = new java.awt.MenuItem("About..");
217
                       menu3.add(miAbout);
                       mainMenuBar.add(menu3);
219
                       setMenuBar(mainMenuBar);
220
                       //$$ mainMenuBar.move(0,0);
221
                       //}}
222
                       //{{REGISTER LISTENERS
223
                       SymWindow aSymWindow = new SymWindow();
224
                       this.addWindowListener(aSymWindow);
225
                       SymAction lSymAction = new SymAction();
226
                       miOpen.addActionListener(lSymAction);
227
                       miAbout.addActionListener(lSymAction);
228
                       miExit.addActionListener(lSymAction);
229
                       //bps Add listeners here for main
230
                       //bps menu items
231
                       //bps for selecting, creating and deleting 3 d
232
                       //bps process spaces
233
234
235
                       SymItem lSymItem = new SymItem();
                       NounList.addItemListener(lSymItem);
                       VerbList.addItemListener(lSymItem);
236
                       AttributeList.addItemListener(1SymItem);
237
238
239
240
                       SymMouse aSymMouse = new SymMouse();
                       NounList.addMouseListener(aSymMouse);
                       VerbList.addMouseListener(aSymMouse);
                       AttributeList.addMouseListener(aSymMouse);
241
                       SymMouseMotion aSymMouseMotion = new SymMouseMotion();
242
                       NounList.addMouseMotionListener (aSymMouseMotion);
243
                       VerbList.addMouseMotionListener (aSymMouseMotion);
244
                       AttributeList.addMouseMotionListener(aSymMouseMotion);
245
246
                       borderPanel1.addMouseListener(aSymMouse);
                       //}}
248
                public Frame1(String title)
249
250
                       this();
251
                       setTitle(title);
252
253
                public synchronized void show()
254
                      move(50, 50);
256
                       super.show();
257
                }
258
                static public void main(String args[])
259
                {
260
                       (new Framel()).show();
261
262
                public void addNotify()
263
```

```
264
                // Record the size of the window prior to calling
265
                // parents addNotify.
266
                      Dimension d = getSize();
267
268
                      super.addNotify();
269
                      if (fComponentsAdjusted)
270
                             return;
271
                       // Adjust components according to the insets
272
                       setSize(insets().left + insets().right + d.width,
273
                         insets().top + insets().bottom + d.height);
274
                       Component components[] = getComponents();
275
                       for (int i = 0; i < components.length; i++)</pre>
276
277
                             Point p = components[i].getLocation();
278
                             p.translate(insets().left, insets().top);
279
                             components[i].setLocation(p);
280
281
                       fComponentsAdjusted = true;
282
1.[]
283
             // Used for addNotify check.
284
             boolean fComponentsAdjusted = false;
285
286
             //{{DECLARE CONTROLS
287
             java.awt.FileDialog openFileDialog1;
288
             java.awt.List NounList;
289
             java.awt.List VerbList;
290
             java.awt.List AttributeList;
291
              java.awt.Label labelnoun;
292
              java.awt.Label labelverb;
293
294
              java.awt.Label labelattributes;
              symantec.itools.awt.BorderPanel borderPanel1;
295
              symantec.itools.awt.shape.VerticalLine ReflectAttributes;
296
297
              symantec.itools.awt.shape.HorizontalLine ReflectNouns;
              symantec.itools.awt.shape.Line ReflectVerbs;
298
              java.awt.Label label1;
299
              java.awt.Label label2;
300
              java.awt.Label label3;
301
              symantec.itools.awt.shape.Circle CircleCursor;
 302
              symantec.itools.awt.shape.Circle CircleCursorMem;
 303
              java.awt.Choice choicel;
 304
              java.awt.Label label4;
 305
              java.awt.Label label5;
 306
              java.awt.Label label6;
 307
              //}}
 308
              //pax
 309
              java.awt.Point circurpoint;
 310
              //[{DECLARE MENUS
 311
              java.awt.MenuBar mainMenuBar;
 312
              java.awt.Menu menul;
 313
              java.awt.MenuItem miNew;
```

```
314
              java.awt.MenuItem miOpen;
 315
              java.awt.MenuItem miSave;
 316
              java.awt.MenuItem miSaveAs;
 317
              java.awt.MenuItem miExit;
 318
              java.awt.Menu menu2;
 319
              java.awt.MenuItem miCut;
 320
              java.awt.MenuItem menuIteml;
 321
              java.awt.MenuItem miCopy;
 322
              java.awt.MenuItem miPaste;
 323
              java.awt.Menu TDProcess;
 324
              java.awt.MenuItem S3DProcess;
 325
              java.awt.MenuItem C3DProcess;
 326
              java.awt.MenuItem D3DProcess;
 327
              java.awt.Menu menu3;
 328
              java.awt.MenuItem miAbout;
 329
              //}}
330
331
                  class SymWindow extends java.awt.event.WindowAdapter
332
                        public void windowClosing(java.awt.event.WindowEvent event)
333
334
                              Object object = event.getSource();
335
                              if (object == Frame1.this)
336
337
338
                                    Framel WindowClosing(event);
                        }
339
                  void Framel_WindowClosing(java.awt.event.WindowEvent event)
340
341
                        hide();
                                          // hide the Frame
342
343
344
                        dispose();
                                          // free the system resources
                                          // close the application
                        System.exit(0);
-345
                  class SymAction implements java.awt.event.ActionListener
  346
  347
                        public void actionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent
  348
                           event)
  349
  350
                              Object object = event.getSource();
  351
                               if (object == miOpen)
  352
                                    miOpen Action(event);
  353
                               else if (object == miAbout)
  354
                                    miAbout Action(event);
  355
                               else if (object == miExit)
  356
                                    miExit Action(event);
  357
                               //bps -----
  358
                               //bps Add ActionListener for
  359
                               //bps menu items for file new, open and save,
  360
                               //bps for selecting, creating or deleting 3 d
  361
                               //bps process spaces
  362
                               //bps for editing items such as cut, add,
  363
                               //bps copy, paste
  364
                               //bps ----
```

```
365
                       )
366
                 }
367
368
                 void miAbout Action(java.awt.event.ActionEvent event)
369
370
                       //{{CONNECTION
371
                       // Action from About Create and show as modal
372
                       (new AboutDialog(this, true)).show();
373
                       //}}
374
                 }
375
                 void miExit Action(java.awt.event.ActionEvent event)
376
377
                       //{{CONNECTION
378
                       // Action from Exit Create and show as modal
379
                        (new QuitDialog(this, true)).show();
380
                       //}}
381
                 }
                 void miOpen Action(java.awt.event.ActionEvent event)
382
383
//{{CONNECTION
                        // Action from Open... Show the OpenFileDialog
                        openFileDialog1.show();
                        //}}
                 }
a cầi
                        TABLE 2: FILE MENU PULL DOWN PROCESSING
÷
, di
                 //bps Likewise, for File menu pulldowns, add
1234567
                 //bps handlers here.
                 //bps
                 //bps For File-New
                          prompt user for file name (validate input)
- 1
                  //bps
                  //bps
                          create file, then
                          create a space:
                  //bps
   8
                          prompt user for space name and
                  //bps
   9
                          dimensions (include validate
                  //bps
  10
                          then new uspname = ProcessSpace (uinput1,
                  //bps
  11
                  //bps
                          uinput2, uinput3);
  12
13
                  //bps
                  //bps
                         For File-Open
  14
15
16
17
                           prompt user for file name (fn) (validate
                  //bps
                  //bps
                           input)
                  //bps
                           threedspace = new ProcessSpace(fn);
                         For File-Save
                  //bps
  18
                  //bps
                          filename already exists, so ask the space to
  19
20
21
22
23
24
                  //bps
                          save itself
                  //bps
                          ProcessSpace.save();
                  //bps
                         For File-SaveAs
                  //bps
                          prompt user for file name and validate,
                  //bps
                          ProcessSpace.save(fn)
                  //bps
```

TABLE 3: EDIT MENU PULL DOWN PROCESSING

```
1234567
                //bps Likewise for editing process space entries:
                //bps
                //bps For edit-cut
                //bps
                         keep cut entry on clipboard just in case a
                //bps
                         paste is used
                //bps
                         For the Dimension in question
                         For the item selected (highlighted), obtain
                //bps
  89
                //bps
                         Dimension call the Dimension and delete the
                //bps
                         item
 10
                //bps
                        thisDimension.deleteItem
 11
                //bps
                          (item-that-is-highlighted);
12 13 4 5 5
                //bps
                //bps For edit-add
                //bps
                         For the Dimension in question
                //bps
                         Prompt the user for the new entry,
16
                //bps
                         thisDimension.addItem(item-prompted-for);
17890
1222
234
                //bps
                //bps For edit-copy
                         For the Dimension in question
                //bps
                //bps
                         copy the selected (highlighted) item to
                //bps
                         clipboard
                 //bps
                 //bps For edit-paste
                 //bps
                         For the Dimension in question
-25
                 //bps
                         this.Dimension.addItem(from-clipboard);
26
27
                 //bps
                 //bps --
28
                 class SymItem implements java.awt.event.ItemListener
29
 30
                       public void itemStateChanged
 31
                           (java.awt.event.ItemEvent event)
 32
33
                              Object object = event.getSource();
 34
                              if (object == NounList)
 35
                                    NounList_ItemStateChanged(event);
 36
                              else if (object == VerbList)
 37
38
                                    VerbList_ItemStateChanged(event);
                              else if (object == AttributeList)
  39
                                    AttributeList ItemStateChanged(event);
 40
                        }
 41
  42
                 void NounList ItemStateChanged
 43
                 (java.awt.event.ItemEvent event)
  44
  45
                        // to do: code goes here.
  46
```

```
47
                      //{{CONNECTION
 48
                      // Repaint the BorderPanel
 49
 50
                            borderPanell.repaint();
 51
                      }
 52
                      //}}
 53
                }
 54
                void VerbList ItemStateChanged
 55
                   (java.awt.event.ItemEvent event)
 56
 57
                      // to do: code goes here.
 58
 59
                      //{{CONNECTION
 60
                      // Repaint the BorderPanel
 61
 62
                            borderPanell.repaint();
 63
....64
                      //}}
65
                }
66
                void AttributeList ItemStateChanged
. 67
                   (java.awt.event.ItemEvent event)
68
69
                      // to do: code goes here.
70
71
72
                      //{{CONNECTION
                      // Repaint the BorderPanel
73
74
                            borderPanell.repaint();
75
<u>__</u>76
                      //}}
77
          }
::1:
                      TABLE 4: 3D PROCESS MENU PULL DOWN PROCESSING
                //bps -----
  12345678
                //bps void mi3DProcess Action(java.awt.even.ActionEvent
                //bps event) for when a user selects this and chooses
                //bps a separate S3DProcess, C3DProcess and D3DProcess
                //bps Add action processor to handle the selection,
                //bps creation and deletion of 3 d process spaces.
                //bps
                //bps To select a space,
   9
                 //bps
                         prompt user for space name (include validate)
  10
                         then ProcessSpace.show
                 //bps
  11
                 //bps
                 //bps To create a space,
  13
                         prompt user for space name and
                 //bps
  14
                 //bps
                         dimensions (include validate
  15
                 //bps
                         then new uspname = ProcessSpace (uinput1,
  16
                         uinput2, uinput3);
                 //bps
  17
                 //bps
```

```
18
                //bps To delete a space,
 19
                        prompt user for space name and validate and
                //bps
 20
                //bps
                         delete
 21
                //bps
                             TABLE 5: MOUSE ADAPTER
                class SymMouse extends java.awt.event.MouseAdapter
                       public void mousePressed(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
                             Object object = event.getSource();
                             if (object == borderPanel1)
                                   borderPanell mousePressed(event);
10 11 12 13 14
                       public void mouseReleased(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
                             Object object = event.getSource();
                             if (object == NounList)
                                   NounList MouseRelease(event);
                             else if (object == VerbList)
116
                                   VerbList_MouseRelease(event);
117
                             else if (object == AttributeList)
...18
                                   AttributeList MouseRelease(event);
19
                       }
20
21
22
                       public void mouseClicked(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
                             Object object = event.getSource();
23
                             if (object == NounList)
NounList MouseClick(event);
                             else if (object == VerbList)
                                   VerbList MouseClick(event);
                             else if (object == AttributeList)
                                    AttributeList MouseClick(event);
                              else if (object == borderPanel1)
 30
                                    borderPanel1_mouseClicked(event);
  31
                       }
  32
  33
                 void NounList MouseClick(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
  34
  35
                       // to do: code goes here.
  36
  37
                       //{ CONNECTION
  38
                       // Repaint the BorderPanel
  39
  40
                              borderPanel1.repaint();
  41
                        }
  42
                        11)}
  43
```

```
44
               void VerbList MouseClick(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
45
46
47
                      // to do: code goes here.
48
                      //{ { CONNECTION
49
                      // Repaint the BorderPanel
50
51
                            borderPanel1.repaint();
52
53
                      //}}
54
55
                void AttributeList MouseClick(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
// to do: code goes here.
                      //{ (CONNECTION
                      // Repaint the BorderPanel
                            borderPanell.repaint();
                      //}}
                }
                class SymMouseMotion extends java.awt.event.MouseMotionAdapter
67890123
77773
                      public void mouseDragged(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
                             Object object = event.getSource();
                             if (object == NounList)
                                   NounList MouseDrag(event);
                             else if (object == VerbList)
4567
                                   VerbList MouseDrag(event);
                             else if (object == AttributeList)
                                   AttributeList MouseDrag(event);
                       }
 78
 79
                void NounList MouseDrag (java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
 80
 81
82
83
                       // to do: code goes here.
                       // noun list being moved - reflect changes on +X axis
                       // circlecursor is at 122,156 origin
 84
                       // circurpoint holds the latest x,y values for the
 85
86
                       // origin of the cursor
 87
 88
                       CircleCursor.reshape( circurpoint.x + event.getY(),
 89
                         circurpoint.y, 6, 6);
 90
                       //{{CONNECTION
 91
                       // Repaint the BorderPanel
 92
 93
                             borderPanel1.repaint();
 94
```

```
95
                      //}}
 96
 97
                void VerbList MouseDrag(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
 98
 99
                      // to do: code goes here.
100
                      CircleCursor.reshape( circurpoint.x - event.getY(),
101
                          circurpoint.y + event.getY(), 6, 6);
102
                       //{{CONNECTION
103
                       // Repaint the BorderPanel
104
105
                             borderPanel1.repaint();
106
107
                       //}}
108
109
                void AttributeList_MouseDrag(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
110
111
112
                       // to do: code goes here.
                       CircleCursor.reshape( circurpoint.x, circurpoint.y
+ event.getY(), 6, 6);
                       //{{CONNECTION
                       // Repaint the BorderPanel
                             borderPanel1.repaint();
                       1
                       //}}
                 }
121
                 void NounList_MouseRelease(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
122
123
124
125
                       // to do: code goes here.
                       circurpoint.x += event.getY();
                       //{{CONNECTION
126
127
                       // Repaint the BorderPanel
128
                             borderPanel1.repaint();
129
                       }
130
                       //}}
131
132
                 void VerbList_MouseRelease (java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
133
134
                       // to do: code goes here.
135
                       circurpoint.x -= event.getY();
136
                       circurpoint.y += event.getY();
137
                       //{(CONNECTION
138
                       // Repaint the BorderPanel
139
140
                              borderPanell.repaint();
141
                       }
142
                       //}}
143
                 }
```

```
144
               void AttributeList_MouseRelease(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
145
146
                     // to do: code goes here.
147
                     circurpoint.y += event.qetY();
148
                     //{{CONNECTION
149
                     // Repaint the BorderPanel
150
151
                           borderPanel1.repaint();
152
153
                     //}}
154
               }
155
               void borderPanel1 mouseClicked(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
156
157
                     // to do: code goes here.
158
                     //bps -----
159
                     //bps An alternative to making the choice box
160
                     //bps visible is to monitor for a
161
                     //bps right mouse button click,
162
163
                     //bps Check to see if the cursor is pointing to a
                     //bps ProcessPoint
164
                     //bps Highlight the ProcessPoint (so the user
165
                     //bps knows it's the right
166
                     //bps one, and show the choice box for that
167
                     //bps ProcessPoint.
168
                     //bps In addition, highlight the intersections of
1.69
                     //bps that ProcessPoint on that axis.
170
                     //bps -----
171
                     //{{CONNECTION
172
173
                     // Toggle show/hide
                     choicel.setVisible(!choicel.isVisible());
174
                     //}}
175
176
177
               void borderPanel1 mousePressed(java.awt.event.MouseEvent event)
178
                     // to do: code goes here.
179
180
                     //{{CONNECTION
181
                     // Show the Choice
182
                     choicel.setVisible(true);
183
                      //}}
184
```

TABLE 6: CHOICE PANEL

```
//bps -----
  1 2 3
               //bps Once it's determined that a MouseEvent occurred,
               //bps the choice panel becomes visible and presents a
  4567
               //bps list of choices to the user.
               //bps Depending on what choice is selected, appropriate
               //bps calls are made to the respective handlers.
               //bps
               //bps Note - for convenience, if a process point does
  8
               //bps not allow an action, that menu item is "grayed"
  9
 10
               //bps out and is not accessible
 11
               //bps
 12
               //bps For ShowProcessDefinition, a call is made -
111567890123
12111111121222223
                         ForThisProcessPoint.show();
               //bps
               //bps
               //bps For Zoom In, first the point is checked for
               //bps zoomability, and then if ok, it zigs
               //bps If ForThisProcessPoint.isZoomableIn();
               //bps
                        ForThisProcessSpace =
                           ForThisProcessPoint.getProcess();
               //bps
                        ForThisProcessSpace.zoomIn();
               //bps
                         Then highlight the point.
               //bps
               //bps
               //bps For Zoom out, first the point is checked for
                //bps zoomability, and then if ok, it zags as follows.
24
                //bps If ForThisProcessPoint.isZoomableOut();
<u>=</u>25
26
27
28
29
                //bps
                        If ForThisProcessSpace =
                            ForThisProcessPoint.getProcess() exists
                //bps
                        Then ForThisProcessSpace.zoomOut();
                //bps
                //bps
                          else Create a new process space
                          by first creating a new GUI Frame (user will
                //bps
31
                          be prompted input the dimension values for
                //bps
                          this point.)
__32
                //bps
33
34
35
                        And highlight the point
                //bps
                //bps
                //bps Print the object
  36
                //bps
                //bps Run Process invokes the appropriate
  37
  38
                //bps registered process starter
                //bps for a particular workflow tool
  39
  40
          }
                            TABLE 7: PROCESS SPACE
          //---- ProcessSpace.java -----
   2
          11
          //
   4
               Part of Business Process Space prototype
   5
          import java.lang.*;
   7
          import java.util.*;
          //----
   8
```

```
9
          public class ProcessSpace {
 10
                                      origin;
             private
                       ProcessPoint
 11
             protected Dimension
                                      nouns , verbs , attributes ;
                                      within = null;
 12
             protected ProcessPoint
 13
             public
                       String
                                       name ;
 14
             ProcessSpace() {
 15
                             = new Dimension( "noun");
                 nouns
                           = new Dimension( "verb" );
 16
                 verbs
 17
                 attributes = new Dimension( "attr" );
 18
                 generatespace();
 19
                 } // ctor 1 of 4
 20
             ProcessSpace( ProcessPoint p ) {
 21
                 within_
                             = p;
 22
                 nouns_
                              = new Dimension( "noun" );
 23
                 verbs
                             = new Dimension( "verb");
24
25
26
                 attributes = new Dimension( "attr" );
                 generatespace();
                 } // ctor 2 of 4
27
             ProcessSpace( Dimension n, Dimension v, Dimension a) {
128
                 nouns_
                            = n;
. 29
                 verbs
30
                 attributes = a;
...31
                 n.setProcessSpace( this );
32
33
33
4
                 v.setProcessSpace( this );
                 a.setProcessSpace( this );
                  generatespace();
--35
                  } // ctor 3 of 4
36
             ProcessSpace ( ProcessPoint p,
37
38
                            Dimension n, Dimension v, Dimension a ) {
                  within_
39
                              = p;
                  nouns_
  40
                  verbs
                              = v;
  41
                  attributes_ = a;
  42
                  generatespace();
  43
                  } // ctor 4 of 4
  44
             private void generatespace() {
  45
                  DimensionItem n, v, a;
  46
                  n = new DimensionItem( nouns_, "origin" );
                  v = new DimensionItem( verbs_, "origin" );
  47
  48
                  a = new DimensionItem( attributes_, "origin" );
  49
                  origin = new ProcessPoint( n, v, a );
  50
                  n.setPoint( origin );
  51
                  v.setPoint( origin_ );
  52
                  a.setPoint( origin );
  53
                  for (Enumeration en = nouns_.getItems();
  54
                     en.hasMoreElements(); ) {
  55
                      n = (DimensionItem)en.nextElement();
```

```
56
                     for (Enumeration ev = verbs_.getItems();
 57
                         ev.hasMoreElements(); ) {
 58
                         v = (DimensionItem) ev.nextElement();
 59
                         for (Enumeration ea = attributes_.getItems();
 60
                         ea.hasMoreElements(); ) {
 61
                              try {
 62
                                  a = (DimensionItem)ea.nextElement();
 63
                                  ProcessPoint p = new ProcessPoint( n,
 64
                                   v, a);
 65
                                  n.setPoint( p );
 66
                                  v.setPoint( p );
 67
                                  a.setPoint( p );
 68
 69
70
71
72
73
                              catch( NoSuchElementException ee ) {
                                  break;
                              }
                         }
74
75
                 } // generatespace()
             public Dimension getDimension( String n ) {
                 if (n == "noun") return nouns_;
78
                 else if (n == "verb") return verbs_;
79
                 else if (n.startsWith("attr")) return attributes_;
...80
                 return null;
81
-82
             public ProcessPoint createSpaceAround() {
...83
                 return within_ = new ProcessPoint();
84
93
             // following are simple aliases for createSpaceAround()
94
             public ProcessPoint createSpaceContaining() { return
_95
                 createSpaceAround(); }
 96
             public ProcessPoint createPointContaining() { return
 97
                 createSpaceAround(); }
 98
             public ProcessPoint createSpaceContext() { return
 99
                 createSpaceAround(); }
100
             public ProcessPoint createPointContext() { return
101
                 createSpaceAround(); }
102
             public ProcessPoint createContext() { return
103
                 createSpaceAround(); }
104
             public void deleteSpaceAround() { within = null; }
105
             public void setContainingPoint( ProcessPoint p ) {
106
               within = p; }
107
             public ProcessPoint zoomOut() { return within_; }
108
             public int capacity() { return nouns_.numberOfItems() *
109
                                         verbs_.numberOfItems() *
110
                                         attributes_.numberOfItems(); }
```

```
111
             public int size() { // returns number of ProcessPoints
112
                 int ans = 0;
113
                 for (Enumeration en = nouns .getItems();
114
                 en.hasMoreElements(); ) {
                     DimensionItem n =
116
                         (DimensionItem) en.nextElement();
                     for (Enumeration ev = verbs_.getItems();
117
118
                 ev.hasMoreElements(); ) {
119
                        DimensionItem v = (DimensionItem)ev.nextElement();
120
                         for (Enumeration ea = attributes_.getItems();
121
                         ea.hasMoreElements(); ) {
122
                              DimensionItem a =
123
                                (DimensionItem) ea.nextElement();
124
                              if ( a.getPoint() != null ) ++ans;
125
126
                          }
127
                     }
128
                 return ans;
129
                 } // size()
Ę
130
             public int numberOfProcessDefinition() {
131
                 int ans = 0;
132
                 for (Enumeration en = nouns_.getItems();
133
                 en.hasMoreElements(); ) {
134
135
136
                     DimensionItem n =
                     (DimensionItem) en.nextElement();
                      for (Enumeration ev = verbs .getItems();
1.37
                 ev.hasMoreElements(); ) {
138
                      DimensionItem v = (DimensionItem) ev.nextElement();
139
                          for (Enumeration ea = attributes_.getItems();
140
                              ea.hasMoreElements(); ) {
141
                              DimensionItem a =
142
                               (DimensionItem) ea.nextElement();
143
                              if ( a.getPoint() != null &&
144
                                   a.getPoint().hasProcessDefinition()
145
                                   ) ++ans;
146
147
148
149
                  return ans;
150
                  } // numberOfProcessDefinition()
151
             public boolean isZoomableOut() { return within != null; }
152
              public void show() {
153
                  System.out.println
154
                       ( "\nProcessSpace: capacity=" + capacity() +
155
                                         num points=" + size() +
156
                                          num defs=" +
157
                                           numberOfProcessDefinition() +
158
                                          zoomout=" + isZoomableOut() );
159
                  System.out.println( nouns_ );
160
                  nouns .printItems();
```

```
161
                System.out.println( verbs );
162
                verbs .printItems();
163
                System.out.println( attributes );
164
                attributes .printItems();
165
166
            167
            // main() for stand-alone testing, as an 'application'.
168
            // It allows simple checkout of creation and navigation
169
            // capabilities.
170
            public static void main( String args ) {
171
                Dimension n2 = new Dimension( "noun" ),
172
                          v2 = new Dimension( "verb" ),
173
                          a2 = new Dimension( "attribute" ),
                          n3 = new Dimension( "noun" ),
174
175
                          v3 = new Dimension( "verb" ),
176
177
                          a3 = new Dimension( "attribute" ),
                          n1 = new Dimension("noun"),
178
                          v1 = new Dimension( "verb"),
179
                          a1 = new Dimension( "attribute" );
LF
180
                n3.addItems( "dept1 dept2 projectA dept3");
                v3.addItems( "unittest componentbringup CT
181
182
                     systemarch" );
183
                a3.addItems( "software hardware checkpoint review");
184
                n2.addItems( "div7 busunitU1 div2 busunitU3" );
185
                v2.addItems( "costestimate projectplan checkpoint" );
186
                a2.addItems( "management technical executive" );
187
                n1.addItems( "companyA");
188
                vl.addItems( "finance, logistics, engineering,
189
                     humanresources");
190
                al.addItems( "all" );
191
                 // create & show intermediate space
192
                 ProcessSpace sp = new ProcessSpace( n2, v2, a2 );
193
                sp.show();
194
                 // create containing point & its space, show space
195
                 ProcessPoint pp = sp.createSpaceAround();
196
                 pp.createProcessSpace
197
                      ( "companyA", "logistics", "all" );
198
                 pp.getDimension( "noun" ).addItems( "companyA" );
199
                 pp.getDimension( "verb" ).addItems( "finance,
200
                      logistics, " + "engineering, humanresources" );
201
                 pp.getDimension( "attr" ).addItems( "all" );
202
                 pp.getProcessSpace().show();
203
                 // create & show nested space
204
                 pp.createSpaceWithin( n3, v3, a3 );
205
                 pp.zoomIn().show();
```

```
206
                 // add an item to a nested space dimension
207
                 System.out.println("\n-- item add --");
208
                 Dimension d = pp.zoomIn().getDimension( "verb" );
209
                 d.addItem( new DimensionItem( d, "hire a person" ));
210
                 pp.zoomIn().show();
211
                 // delete a dimension item in intermediate space
212
                 System.out.println("\n-- item delete --");
213
                 boolean b = sp.getDimension( "noun" ).deleteItem(
                      "div2" );
214
215
                 if (b == true) sp.show();
216
                 else System.out.println("
                                             ...delete failed");
217
                 } // main()
218
             } // class ProcessSpace
219
          //---- eof ---
Ţ
1.2
F
                                  TABLE 8: DIMENSION
Ţ
1 2 3
          Dimension.java ----
ı căt
  4
          11
               Part of Business Process Space prototype
í ii
  5
          11
5
          import java.lang.*;
..... 7
          import java.util.*;
ű
   8
   9
          public class Dimension {
10
             private Vector values_; // an ordered list of dimension
                                       // values
// 'origin' is 1st DimensionItem
  11
  12
  13
             public String name,
  14
                              type_;
                                       // noun, verb or attribute
  15
              private ProcessSpace space = null;
  16
              Dimension( String t ) {
  17
                 type_ = t;
  18
                  values_ = new Vector();
  19
  20
              public void addItem( DimensionItem di ) {
  21
                  values .addElement(di);
  22
                  }
  23
              public void addItem( String sv ) {
  24
                  addItem( new DimensionItem( this, sv ) );
  25
                  }
```

```
26
            public void addItems( String itemlist ) {
 27
28
                 // comma or blank delimited list of items
                 StringTokenizer st = new StringTokenizer( itemlist );
 29
                 while ( st.hasMoreTokens() ) {
 30
                     String v = st.nextToken();
 31
                     if (findDimensionItem( v ) != null) return;
 32
                     addItem( new DimensionItem( this, v ));
 33
 34
                 }
 35
             public boolean deleteItem( DimensionItem di ) {
 36
                 values .removeElement( di );
 37
                 return true;
 38
 39
             public boolean deleteItem( String divalue ) {
 40
                 Enumeration e = values .elements();
 41
                 while ( e.hasMoreElements() ) {
1234567
                     DimensionItem di =
                         (DimensionItem) e.nextElement();
                     if ( divalue.equals(di.value ) ) {
                          values_.removeElement( di );
                          return true;
48
                     }
49
                 return false;
<u>...</u>50
public DimensionItem findDimensionItem( String v ) {
                 Enumeration e = values .elements();
                 while ( e.hasMoreElements() ) {
                      DimensionItem di =
                         (DimensionItem) e.nextElement();
                      if ( v == di.value ) return di;
                 return null;
 59
 60
             public void setProcessSpace( ProcessSpace ps ) {
 61
                  space_ = ps;
 62
 63
             public boolean isZoomableOut() ( return
 64
                  space .isZoomableOut(); }
 65
             public ProcessSpace getProcessSpace() { return space ; }
  66
             public Enumeration getItems() {
  67
                  return values .elements();
  68
  69
              public int numberOfItems() { return values_.size(); }
  70
              public void printItems() {
```

```
71
                Enumeration e = getItems();
 72
                while ( e.hasMoreElements() ) {
 73
                    System.out.println( e.nextElement() );
 74
 75
 76
            public String toString() {
 77
                return "Dimension: " + type_ + "
                                                  num items=" +
 78
                       values .size();
 79
 80
            DimensionItem previousItem( DimensionItem c ) {
 81
                if (c == null ) return null;
int i = values_.indexOf( c );
 82
 83
                try { return (DimensionItem) values _.elementAt(i-1); }
 84
                catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e)
 85
                     { return null; }
 86
87
            DimensionItem nextItem( DimensionItem c ) {
89
90
                if (c==null) return null;
                int i = values_.indexOf( c );
                try { return (DimensionItem) values_.elementAt(i+1); }
91
                catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e)
92
93
                     { return null; }
            } // class Dimension
95
322
TABLE 9: DIMENSION ITEM
i.i. 1
         //---- DimensionItem.java -----
  2
         11
         //
                 Part of Business Process Space prototype
         11
  5
         import java.lang.*;
  6
         import java.util.*;
  7
         //-----
  8
         public class DimensionItem {
  9
            public String
                                  description = null,
 10
                                  name
                                               = null,
 11
                                  value ;
 12
                                  dimension_;
            private Dimension
 13
            private ProcessPoint mypoint_
                                              = null;
 14
            DimensionItem( Dimension d, String v ) {
 15
                dimension = d;
 16
                value = \overline{v};
```

```
17
           DimensionItem( Dimension d, String n, String v ) {
18
19
               dimension_ = d;
20
               name_ = n;
21
               value_ = v;
22
23
           public String toString() {
24
               return " DimensionItem: name=" + name +
25
                   ", value=" + value;
26
27
           public Dimension getDimension() { return dimension ; }
28
           public ProcessSpace getDimensionSpace() {
29
               return dimension_.getProcessSpace();
30
31
           public void setPoint( ProcessPoint p ) { mypoint = p; }
32
           public ProcessPoint getPoint() { return mypoint ; }
LFI
33
           } // class DimensionItem
        //---- eof ----
ııä,
::
                          TABLE 10: PROCESS POINT
122
=± 1
        //---- ProcessPoint.java ------
2 3
        11
        11
             Part of Business Process Space prototype
45
        import java.lang.*;
i 6
        import java.util.*;
 7
  8
        public class ProcessPoint {
  9
           public final int
                                     UP = 1, DOWN = 0;
 10
            private DimensionItem
                                     noun_, verb , attribute ;
 11
            private ProcessSpace
                                     contains;
 12
           public ProcessDefinition def;
 13
            ProcessPoint() { noun = verb = attribute = null; }
 14
            ProcessPoint ( DimensionItem n, DimensionItem v,
 15
              DimensionItem a ) {
 16
               noun = n; verb = v; attribute = a;
 17
 29
            public void setProcess( ProcessDefinition pd ) { def = pd; }
```

```
30
             public ProcessDefinition getProcess() { return def ; }
 31
              public Dimension getDimension( String n ) {
 32
                  if (n == "noun") return noun .getDimension();
 33
                  else if (n == "verb") return verb .getDimension();
 34
                  else if (n.startsWith("attr")) return
 35
                      attribute .getDimension();
 36
                  return null;
 37
                  }
 38
              public DimensionItem getDimensionItem( String dt ) {
 39
                  if (dt == "noun") return noun ;
                  else if (dt == "verb") return verb ;
 40
 41
                  else if (dt.startsWith("attr")) return attribute ;
 42
                  return null;
 43
 44
              //
 45
              // following directions apply to all dimensions
46
              // directions; 'up' == means away from origin
47
              11
                               'down' == means toward origin
48
              11
49
              public ProcessPoint getNeighboor( Dimension d, int
50
51
51
52
53
                direction ) {
                   DimensionItem curitem = null, newitem = null;
                   if (d.type_ == "noun") curitem = noun_;
                  else if (d.type == "verb") curitem = verb;
else if (d.type == "attr") curitem = attribute;
if (direction == UP) newitem = d.nextItem( curitem );
54
55
56
                   else newitem = d.previousItem( curitem );
..57
                   if ( newitem != null ) return newitem.getPoint();
58
59
                   else return null;
60
              public ProcessSpace createSpaceWithin( Dimension n.
61
                                                          Dimension v.
 62
                                                          Dimension a ) {
 63
                   return contains = new ProcessSpace( this, n, v, a );
 64
 65
              public void createProcessSpace( String nv,
 66
                                                  String vv,
 67
                                                  String av ) {
 68
                   Dimension nd = new Dimension( "noun" ),
 69
                              vd = new Dimension( "verb" ),
 70
                              ad = new Dimension( "attribute" );
 71
                   nd.addItem( nv );
 72
                   vd.addItem( vv );
 73
                   ad.addItem( av );
 74
                   ProcessSpace sp = new ProcessSpace( nd, vd, ad );
                   noun_ = nd.findDimensionItem( nv );
 75
 76
                   noun_.setPoint( this );
 77
                   verb_ = vd.findDimensionItem( vv );
verb_.setPoint( this );
  78
```

```
79
                attribute = ad.findDimensionItem( av );
 80
                attribute .setPoint( this );
 81
                ) // createProcessSpace()
 82
            public ProcessSpace getProcessSpace() {
 83
                return noun .getDimensionSpace();
 84
 85
            public void deleteSpaceWithin() { contains = null; }
            public ProcessSpace zoomIn() { return contains ; }
 87
            public ProcessPoint zoomOut() {
 88
                 return noun .getDimensionSpace().zoomOut();
 89
 90
             public ProcessSpace zoomOutToSpace() {
 91
92
                 return zoomOut().getDimensionItem("noun")
                                 .getDimensionSpace();
 93
94 95 97
             public boolean isZoomable() { return contains_ != null }]
                                           isZoomableOut();
             public boolean isZoomableIn() { return contains_ != null;}
             public boolean iszoomableout() {
98
                 return noun_.getDimension().isZoomableOut();
                 }
100
             public boolean hasProcessDefinition() { return def_ != null; }
1121
101
102
             public void show() {
                 System.out.println
ĪОЗ
                                ProcessPoint: \n" + noun +
104
                                     n/n
                                             " + verb +
                                     "\n
1-05
                                              " + attribute_ );
106
                 if (def_!=null) System.out.println
107
                                def name=" +
108
                                                    def .getName() );
                 else System.out.println("
109
                                                    def name=null");
110
                 System.out.println
                             zoomout=" + isZoomableOut() +
111
112
                                    ", zoomin=" + isZoomableIn() );
113
114
             } // class ProcessPoint
          //---- eof ---
115
```

TABLE 11: PROCESS DEFINITION

```
//---- ProcessDefinition.java ------
  23456
         //
         11
         11
         11
         import java.lang.*;
  7
         import java.util.*;
  8
         //-----
  9
         public class ProcessDefinition {
 10
            String name, vendor, textdefinition;
 11
            Vector subprocesses;
 12
            Date
                    create , lastupdate ;
13
            ProcessDefinition( String n, String v, String d ) {
145678
                name = n;
                vendor_ = v;
                textdefinition = d;
                create = lastupdate = new Date();
119
            public String tostring()
£20
                     { return name + ", " + vendor ; }
             public String getName()
                     { return name ; }
             public String getDefinition()
                     { return textdefinition ; }
25
26
             public void addSubprocess( ProcessPoint p )
                      { subprocesses .addElement( p ); }
 27
             public Enumeration getSubprocesses()
 28
                     { return
                                subprocesses .elements(); }
             public boolean startInstance() {
  30
                 // Using external, vendor-product specific
 31
32
33
34
                // interfaces, begin a new instantiation
                // of this process.
                 //
                 // Return 'false' only if a new instance could not be
  35
                 // successfully started, return 'true' otherwise.
  36
37
                 return true;
                 }
  38
             public boolean isRunning() (
  39
                 // Determine, in a vendor-product specific manner,
  40
                 // whether an instance of this process is
  41
                 // running now.
```

Advantages over the Prior Art

In accordance with the invention, the preferred embodiment of this invention provides a system and method for enabling understanding of the mechanisms, interactions and inter-relationships of business processes.

Further, the invention provides a method and system for systematically defining the current and future processes of an organization in a manner which facilitates understanding, use and change.

10 Further, the invention provide an overall business context in which to know and evaluate processes impacted by a policy.

15

5

Alternative Embodiments

It will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. In particular, it is within the scope of the invention to provide a memory device, such as a transmission medium, magnetic or optical tape or disc, or the like, for storing signals for controlling the operation of a computer according to the method of the invention and/or to structure its components in accordance with the system of the invention.

Accordingly, the scope of protection of this invention is limited only by the following claims and their equivalents.